Mortgage Credit Potential Index

January 2023

The Mortgage Credit Potential Index (MCPI) is a monthly reporting of mid-score mortgage credit pulls analyzed by CreditXpert's predictive analytics platform. The MCPI highlights the volume of mid-score mortgage credit pulls by 20-point credit bands between 360 and 850. When compared to prior months and years, the MCPI serves as an indicator of changes in query volume.

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Over the past year CreditXpert analyzed 15.8M midscore credit pulls.

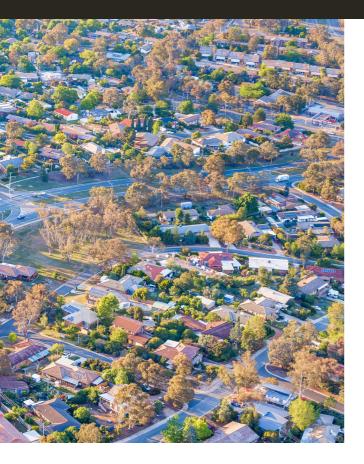
12-months ending January 31, 2023



75% of all mid-score credit pulls below 760 may be able to increase their score by at least one 20-point band within 30 days.*

*Applicants that follow a custom CreditXpert action plan will be more likely to increase their credit score.

Making Homeownership More Affordable



Total credit pulls between 640 and 759 in the last 12 months.



4.34M

Applicants that could increase their mid-score by 20-points or more within 30 days*

*Higher score achievable if applicant completes custom action plan

As interest rate is one of the top criteria that applicants use to select a lender, it will be important for lenders to deliver the most competitive offer. In the 12 months ending January 31, 2023, CreditXpert analyzed 6.13M mid-score credit pulls between 640 and 759 where a 20-point band increase could lead to a lower interest rate. Of these pulls, 4.34M may be able to increase their score by at least one 20-point band within 30-days if they complete a custom action plan.

According to the Loan Level Price Adjustment tables published by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, those with credit scores between 640 and 759 could potentially qualify for a better rate if they increase their score by at least one 20-point band. The Loan Level Price Adjustments are guidelines that are subject to individual lender pricing policies. CreditXpert has no involvement with any lender pricing policies and does not generate loan underwriting recommendations or decisions through its platform or otherwise.

Monthly and Yearly Comparison



Total credit pulls from January 2023 compared to December 2022



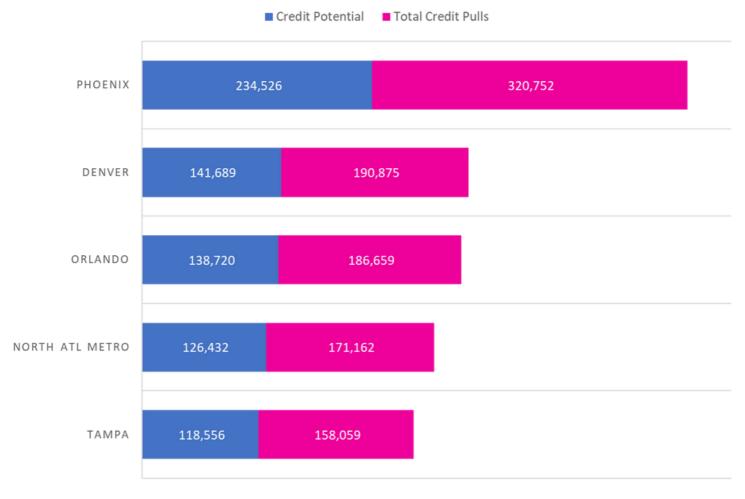


Total credit pulls from January 2023 compared 12-months ending January 31, 2023 to January 2022

According to the Loan Level Price Adjustment tables published by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, those with credit scores between 640 and 759 could potentially qualify for a better rate if they increase their score by at least one 20-point band. The Loan Level Price Adjustments are guidelines that are subject to individual lender pricing policies. CreditXpert has no involvement with any lender pricing policies and does not generate loan underwriting recommendations or decisions through its platform or otherwise.

Top 5 metro areas with the most mortgage credit pulls that could increase their credit midscore by at least 20 points in 30 days.





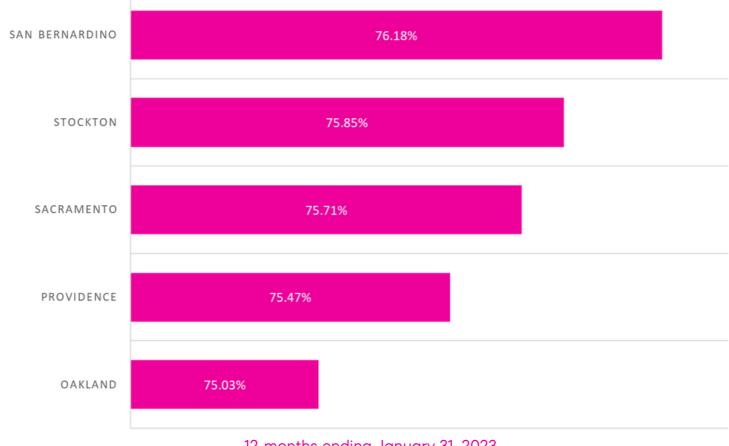
12-months ending January 31, 2023

Credit Potential by Market



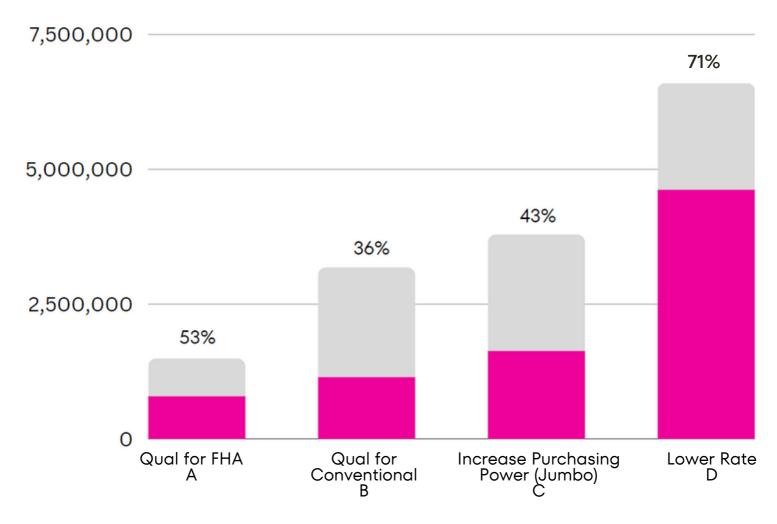
Top 5 metro areas (by credit pulls) that have the highest *percentage* likelihood of increasing their credit score by 20 points in 30 days or less.

% of Applicants That Could Increase by at Least 20 Points



12-months ending January 31, 2023

What percentage of applicants could achieve a better outcome by following a CreditXpert action plan?



A. Total initial pulls below 579 that may be able to achieve 580 or higher within 30 days if they complete a custom B. Total initial pulls below 619 that may be able to get to 620 or higher within 30 days if they complete a custom action plan C. Total initial pulls below 679 that may be able to achieve 680 or higher within 30 days if they complete a custom action plan D. Total initial pulls between 640 and 759 that may be able to increase their score by at least one 20-point band within 30 days if they complete a custom action plan

1 A Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Mortgage is a home mortgage that is insured by the government and issued by a bank or other lender that is approved by the agency. FHA loans require a lower minimum down payment than many conventional loans, and applicants may have lower credit scores, typically 580, than is usually required. The FHA loan is designed to help low- to moderateincome families attain homeownership. They are particularly popular with first-time homebuyers. The Rural Housing Service (RHS) provides loans directly to low-income borrowers in rural areas and guarantees loans provided by approved lenders. An RHS loan can help a borrower who otherwise might not qualify for a traditional mortgage because of low income or bad credit to buy a home in an approved rural area.

2 A Conventional Mortgage is any type of home buyer's loan that is not offered or secured by a government entity. Instead, conventional mortgages are available through private lenders, such as banks, credit unions, and mortgage companies. However, some conventional mortgages can be guaranteed by two government-sponsored enterprises; the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac). Conventional loans typically require a minimum credit score of 620. Loan size must be equal to or less than \$647,200 or \$970,800 in high-cost areas for a single-family home.
3 A Jumbo Mortgage is a non-conforming mortgage loan that exceeds the limits set by the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA). Jumbo loans are non-conforming loans as they cannot be purchased,

3 A Jumbo Mortgage is a non-conforming mortgage loan that exceeds the limits set by the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA). Jumbo loans are non-conforming loans as they cannot be purchased, guaranteed, or securitized by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. The main advantage of a jumbo loan is that it lets you borrow more than the limits imposed by Fannie and Freddie. Jumbo loans typically reavire a minimum credit score of between 680 and 700 depending on individual lender avidelines.

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Meet the Team



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Dan Green Blackfin Group - Principal



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